Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- 1. (Withdrawn) A method for controlling a flavivirus entry into a cell, comprising administering to the cell an agent functionally interfering with a flavivirus receptor protein, the flavivirus receptor protein being an integrin.
- 2. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1, wherein the integrin comprises integrin subunit $\beta 3$ or integrin subunit αV .
- 3. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1, wherein the integrin is an $\alpha V\beta 3$ integrin.
- 4. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 3, wherein the flavivirus receptor protein is polypeptide from Vero Cells, having approximately a 105 KDa molecular weight and comprising portions with a sequence substantially homologous to SEQ ID NO: 1, SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 3, SEQ ID NO: 4 and SEQ ID NO: 5.
- 5. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1, wherein the agent functionally interfering with a flavivirus receptor protein is a functional blocking antibody against the integrin.
- 6. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1, wherein the agent functionally interfering with a flavivirus receptor protein is a competitive ligand for the integrin.

- 7. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 6, wherein the competitive ligand is an RGD peptide.
- 8. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 6, wherein the competitive ligand is a natural ligand selected from the group consisting of fibronectin, vitronectin, laminin and chrondriotin.
- 9. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 6, wherein the flavivirus is a member of Japanese encephalitis serocomplex.
- 10. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 9, wherein the flavivirus is West Nile Virus.
- 11. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1, wherein the cell is a cell of a vertebrate.
- 12. (Withdrawn) A method for controlling flavivirus entry into a cell, comprising administering to the cell an agent interfering with the expression of a flavivirus receptor protein, the receptor protein being integrin.
- 13. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 12, wherein the agent is a siRNA against the integrin.
- 14. (Withdrawn) A kit for controlling entry of a flavivirus into a cell, the kit comprising: the flavivirus; and an agent functionally interfering with an integrin, the flavivirus and the interfering agent to be used according to the method of claim 1.
- 15. (Withdrawn) The kit of claim 14, wherein the agent functionally interfering with an integrin is a functional blocking antibody against the integrin.

- 16. (Withdrawn) The kit of claim 14, wherein the agent functionally interfering with an integrin is a competitive ligand for the integrin.
- 17. (Withdrawn) A kit for controlling entry of a flavivirus into a cell, the kit comprising: the flavivirus; and an agent interfering with expression of an integrin, the first flavivirus and the interfering agent to be used according to the method of claim 12.
- 18. (Withdrawn) The kit of claim 17, wherein the interfering agent interfering with the expression of an integrin is an SiRNA against the integrin.
- 19. (Withdrawn) A method for controlling a flavivirus entry into a cell, the cell having a plasma memebra, the method comprising administering to the cell an interfering agent functionally interfering with an ATPase in the plasma membrane of the cell.
- 20. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 19, wherein the interfering agent is a functional blocking antibody against the ATPase.
- 21. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 19, wherein the agent functionally interfering with a flavivirus receptor protein is a competitive ligand for the ATPase.
- 21. (Withdrawn) A kit for controlling entry of a flavivirus into a cell, the cell having a plasma membrane, the kit comprising: the flavivirus; and an agent functionally interfering with an ATPase located in the plasma membrane of the cell, the flavivirus and the intefering agent to be used according to the method of claim 19.
- 22. (Withdrawn) The kit of claim 21, wherein the interfering agent is a functional blocking antibody against the ATPase.

- 23. (Withdrawn) A method for controlling a flavivirus entry into a cell, comprising administering to the cell an agent functionally interfering with a flavivirus receptor protein, the receptor protein being a neurotensin receptor.
- 24. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 23, wherein the agent functionally interfering with a flavivirus receptor protein is a functional blocking antibody against the neurotensin receptor.
- 25. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 23, wherein the agent functionally interfering with a flavivirus receptor protein is a competitive ligand for the neurotensin receptor.
- 26. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 25, wherein the competitive ligand is neurotensin.
- 27. (Withdrawn) A kit for controlling entry of a flavivirus into a cell, the kit comprising: the flavivirus; and an agent functionally interfering with a neurotensin receptor located in the plasma membrane of the cell, the flavivirus and the interfering agent to be used according to the method of claim 23.

28-43. (Canceled)

- 44. (Withdrawn) A method for diagnosing a flavivirus infection in a vertebrate susceptible to be infected by the flavivirus, the method comprising: contacting a sample tissue from the vertebrate, with an integrin or neurotensin protein associated with an identifier; detecting presence or absence of a flavivirus-integrin complex or flavivirus-neurotensin complex by detecting presence of the identifier.
- 45. (Withdrawn) A kit for the diagnosis of flavivirus infection in a vertebrate, susceptible to be infected with the flavivirus, the flavivirus exhibiting an envelope protein

comprising a domain III, the kit comprising: at least one agent able to bind the domain II, associated with an identifier, and one or more reagents able to detect the identifier, the at least one agent able to bind domain III and the one or more reagents to be used according to the method of claim 44.

- 46. (Withdrawn) A diagnostic method to analyze a cell susceptibility to flavivirus infection, the method comprising contacting the cell with an identifier for the presence or expression of an integrin, neurotensin receptor and or ATP-ase; and detecting the presence of the identifier.
- 47. (Withdrawn) A kit to analyze a cell susceptibility to flavivirus infection, the kit comprising: an identifier for the presence or expression of an integrin, neurotensin receptor and or ATP-ase; and a reagent able to detect the presence of the identifier, the identifier and the reagent to be used in the method of claim 46.
- 48. (Withdrawn) Isolated and purified polypeptide from Vero Cells, having approximately a 105 KDa molecular weight and comprising portions with a sequence substantially homologous to SEQ ID NO: 1, SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 3, SEQ ID NO: 4 and SEQ ID NO: 5.
- 49. (Withdrawn) A polypeptide having a sequence substantially homologous to SEQ ID NO:20 or SEQ ID NO: 21.
- 50. (Withdrawn) An antibody against a polypeptide from Vero Cells, having approximately a 105 KDa weight and comprising portions with a sequence substantially homologous to SEQ ID NO: 1, SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO: 3, SEQ ID NO: 4 and SEQ ID NO: 5.

- 51. (Withdrawn) An antibody against a polypeptide having a sequence substantially homologous to SEQ ID NO: 19 or SEQ ID NO: 21.
- 52. (Currently amended) A method for controlling entry of a flavivirus into a cell, the flavivirus exhibiting a flavivirus envelope protein, the flavivirus envelope protein comprising a domain III of the flavivirus envelope protein, the method comprising administering to the cell an agent that functionally interferesing with the binding of the domain III of the flavivirus envelope protein to a flavivirus receptor protein, wherein the agent comprises a polypeptide having an amino acid sequence that exhibits at least 80% sequence similarity to amino acids 350 to 390 of a flavivirus envelope sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO: 21, and wherein the flavivirus receptor protein is one of an integrin and a neurotensin receptor.
- 53. (Currently amended) The method of claim 52, wherein the domain III has comprises a sequence that is substantially homologous to SEO ID NO: 21.

54. (Canceled)

55. (Withdrawn) A method for treating a flavivirus infection in a vertebrate, the flavivirus exhibiting a flavivirus envelope protein, the flavivirus envelope protein comprising a domain III, the method comprising:

administering to the vertebrate a pharmaceutically effective amount of an agent functionally inhibiting the domain III of the envelope protein of the flavivirus.

- 56. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 55, wherein the domain has a sequence substantially homologous to SEQ ID NO: 20 or SEQ ID NO: 21.
- 57. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 55, wherein the agent is a functional blocking antibody against the domain III.

- 58. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 55, wherein the agent is a competitive ligand of domain III.
- 59. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 55, wherein the flavivirus is a member of the Japanese encephalitis serocomplex.
- 60. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 59, wherein the flavivirus is West Nile Virus.
- 61. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 55, wherein the vertebrate is a human being.
- 62. (Withdrawn) Pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of a flavivirus infection in a vertebrate, the flavivirus exhibiting an envelope protein comprising a domain III, the pharmaceutical composition comprising:
- a pharmaceutically effective amount of an agent functionally inhibiting the domain III of the envelope protein and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, vehicle or auxiliary agent.
- 63. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 62, wherein the interfering agent is a functional blocking antibody against the domain III.
- 64. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 62, wherein the interfering agent is competitive ligand for the domain III.
- 65. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 62, wherein the interfering agent is a functional sequence substantially homologous to SEQ ID NO: 20 or SEQ ID NO: 21.

66. (Withdrawn) A method for inducing immunity to a flavivirus in a vertebrate susceptible to infection of the flavivirus, the flavivirus exhibiting an envelope protein comprising a domain III, the method comprising:

administering to the vertebrate an immunogenic amount of a polypeptide comprising the domain III of the envelope protein of the flavivirus.

- 67. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 66, wherein the domain III comprises a portion having a sequence substantially homologous to SEQ ID NO: 20 or SEQ ID NO: 21.
- 68. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 66, wherein the polypeptide comprises sequence substantially homologous to SEQ ID NO: 20 or SEQ ID NO: 21.
- 69. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 66 further comprising the step of diagnosing the flavivirus exhibiting an envelope protein domain III, wherein the diagnosis is accomplished using:

at least one agent able to bind to the domain III associated with an identifier; and at least one reagent able to detect the identifier.

- 70. (Withdrawn) A vaccine for a flavivirus, the flavivirus exhibiting an envelope protein comprising a domain III, the vaccine comprising, as an active agent, a polypeptide comprising the domain III of the envelope protein of the flavivirus.
- 71. (New) The method of claim 52, wherein the flavivirus is selected from the group consisting of Japanese Encephalitis Virus, West Nile Virus, St. Louis encephalitis virus, Murray Valley encephalitis virus, Dengue virus and Kunjin virus.
- 72. (New) The method of claim 52, wherein the flavivirus receptor protein is an integrin.

- 73. (New) The method of claim 72, wherein in the integrin comprises at least one subunit selected from the group consisting of integrin subunit αV , integrin subunit $\beta 3$ and integrin subunit $\beta 5$.
- 74. (New) The method of claim 52, wherein the flavivirus receptor protein is a neurotensin receptor.
- 75. (New) The method of claim 52, wherein the agent is a ligand of the flavivirus receptor protein.
- 76. (New) The method of claim 75, wherein the ligand competes with the flavivirus envelope protein domain III for the binding of the domain III of the flavivirus envelope protein to the flavivirus receptor protein
- 77. (New) The method of claim 52, wherein the agent comprises a polypeptide having an amino acid sequence that exhibits at least 85% sequence similarity to amino acids 350 to 390 of a flavivirus envelope sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO: 21.
- 78. (New) The method of claim 52, wherein the agent comprises a polypeptide having an amino acid sequence that exhibits at least 90% sequence similarity to amino acids 350 to 390 of a flavivirus envelope sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO: 21.
- 79. (New) The method of claim 52, wherein the agent comprises a polypeptide having an amino acid sequence that exhibits at least 95% sequence similarity to amino acids 350 to 390 of a flavivirus envelope sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO: 21.
- 80. (New) The method of claim 52, wherein the agent comprises a polypeptide having an amino acid sequence that exhibits at least 98% sequence similarity to amino acids 350 to 390 of a flavivirus envelope sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO: 21.

Application No. 10/769,565 Reply to Office Action mailed by PTO on July 14, 2006

81. (New) The method of claim 52, wherein the agent comprises a polypeptide having an amino acid sequence that exhibits complete identity to amino acids 350 to 390 of a flavivirus envelope sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO: 21.